Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Virginia-Partly cloudy Wednesday, possibly showers in southwestern portion; Thursday fair, warmer, fresh easterly

PRICE TWO CENTS.

wind.

North Carolina—Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably showers; Thursday partly cloudy, probably showers near the coast, fresh southerly winds.

WEATHER FORECAST.

VOL. 15. NO. 93.

RICHMOND VA. WEDNESDAY. MAY 30. 1900.

RIDDICK TRIAL A LEGAL BATTLE

Forth for the Preacher.

Attempt to Prove Prisoner Insane

NO TROUBLE TO GET A JURY.

Witnesses Testify to the Shooting and Constable House Tells of Conversation Between Mr. Riddick and His Wife-Trial Likely to Last Ten Days and Become Famous.

(A Staff Correspondent).

The proceedings had not progressed very far before the mystery as to what plea would be made for the prisoner was

cleared up.

Insantty will be the defence made for him. The court was asked to summon the superintendents of the various hospitals for the insane in the State, and also Dr. J. Allison Hodges, of Richmond, a celebrated authority on mental diseases.

Some of Mr. Riddick's old college mates will come from South Carolina to testify will come from South Carolina to testify presumably as to his eccentricities while

Counsel for the prisoner took advantage of everything the Commonwealth's wit-nesses said with reference to Riddick hav-



(The Prisoner.)

GREAT LEGAL BATTLE.

This is to be a great legal battle.
The lawyers got warmed up toward the close of the afternoon session and snowed that each side would contest every incoof ground. It is probable the Commonwealth will bring experts here to testify
as to what constitutes insurity and how
it affects a person. In fact, it may be
that this trial will be made famous over
the efforts of Riddick's lawyers to prove
him insane, and the attempt of the opiostiton to show that he is sane.
Riddick's devoted father, the venerable
Rev. Joseph H. Riddick; his brother,
Junius Roane Riddick, of Richmond, his
wife, who is an exceedingly good-looking
young woman, and his sister, atta. his h

woman, and his sister, Mrs. W. S.

MOVED TO TEARS.

The dadies were moved to tears when the details of the shooting of Dr. Temple were related. Mr. Riddick, who conducted himself with most becoming modesty, was plainly affected by the distress of those so plainly affected by the distress of those so near and dear and so faithful and true to him. He is too deaf to hear what the witnesses say. He could not even distinguish all the clerk said when he arraigned him and read the indictment.

There were many friends of Dr. Temple in court, also his brother, who followed the testimony very closely.

SURPRISE OF THE DAY.

The surprise of the day was the securing

SURPRISE OF THE DAY.

The surprise of the day was the securing of a jury in half an hour. Most of the veniremen had not read anything about the case, and none of them had formed or expressed an opinion, for the reason that they had heard so little about the case. It is generally thought the trial will last a week or ten days. Mr. Richard B. Davds and Mr. Poage questioned the witnesses on behalf of the defence.

Mr. Goode and Colonel Haskins have had little to say, but they pay very close attention to the testimony, and will make able speeches.

able speeches.

Mr. Buford and Mr. Saunders both take a very active part in the conduct of the case for the Commonwealth.

CLOSED DOORS. Judge Turnbull very wisely declined to permit the court-room to become over-crowded. When all the seats had been oc-

room while certain testimony he would offer was being heard. Offer was being heard.

During these proceedings the two ladies went down behind the bar and took seats by Mr. Riddick, Mr. Davis had Sheriff R. R. Turnbull sworn. The Sheriff testified by Mr. Riddler, Mr. Davis had Sherin R. R. Turnbull sworn. The Sherin testlined that he had heard of threats to lynch Mr. Riddlek, but he never really believed there was any danger of this. Out of due pre-caution, he had the jall guarded one night.

Another night Mr. Riddick was taken our in the woods and kept there under guard. The talk of lynching, he had heard, originated with some drunken men.

The Sheriff was asked if he had not

The Sherill was asked in the last the heard that the attorneys for Mr. Riddlek would be afraid to ask for another continuance, for fear violence would be done the prisoner. Mr. Turnbull had heard no talk. Mr. Davis also read from the Brunswick Gazette various articles telling of the excitement in the county over the NO DANGER OF LYNCHING.

On cross-examination by Mr. Buford, Mr. Turnbull was very positive that there was never at any time the least danger of the lynching. The guarding of the jail and the taking of Riddick to the woods, was done simply as a matter of precaution.

Mr. Turnbull was sure Mr. Riddick could
get as fair a trial in Brunswick as in any
other county. Mr. Turnbull said the sixteen veniremen summoned were from North Brunswick, some distance from the

scene of the tragedy.

There was a somewhat lively discussion as to the introduction of evidence to show that the people of the county were preju-diced against the accused. Messrs. Saun-

FIRST TRAIN OUT OVER SEABOARD

Richmond To-Day.

Will be Run to the Southern Terminus | No Casualties Reported in Main Army of the System.

DELEGATIONS ARRIVE IN CITY.

Prominent Baltimoreans in Charge of Mr. J. William Middendorf Reach Richmond-Seaboard Air Line Band Will Accompany the Party-Concert at Jefferson Last Night.

The first train over the Seaboard Air Line from Richmond to Tampa will leave this city this morning at 9 o'clock. The this city this morning at 9 o'clock. The train will be run in two sections, and stops will be made at some of the principal cities along the line. Each section will be composed of five Pullmans, and one will carry the private car of President John Skelton Williams. The party will go direct to the southern terminus of the system, arriving at Tampa at 9 o'clock towards morning. The party will comprise tem, arriving at Tampa at 9 o clock tomorrow morning. The party will comprise
about two hundred, and they will breakfast at the Tampa Bay Hotel immediately
upon the arrival of the trains there.

THE ITINERARY.

The itinerary as arranged is as follows:
Wednesday, May 30th—Leave Richmond
9 A. M.

Wednesday, May 30th—Beave Richards 9 A. M.

Thursday, May 31st—Arrive Tampa 9 A. M.; sail on Tampa Bay on steamer Margaret; lunch will be served on board; leave Tampa 1 P. M., arrive Jacksonville 8 P. M.; banquet at Windsor Hotel 9 P. M.; leave Jacksonville at midnight, Friday, June 1st—Arrive Savannah 7 A. M.; breakfast, Hotel de Soto, 8 A. M.; trip by steamer on Savannah river, including inspection of Scaboard Air Line terminals; lunch, Hotel de Soto, 12:30 P. M.; leave Savannah 2 P. M.; arrive Columbia 6 P. M.; drive about city, including inspection of the new Seaboard Air Line terminals; banquet, Hotel Columbia, 9 P. M.; leave Columbia at midnight.

Columbia, 9 P. M., leave Columbia in midnight.

Saturday, June 2d-Arrive Raleigh A. M.; breakfast, Hotel Yarborough, 8 A. M.; leave Raleigh 9:39 A. M.; arrive Petersburg 2:15 P. M.; lunch, Masonic Hall, 2:39 P. M.; leave Petersburg 3:45 P. M.; arrive Richmond 4:39 P. M.

EXERCISES HERE.

On June 2d, immediaterly before the arrival of the train on its return from Tampa, the last spike, completing the system of 2:600 miles of road; will be driven in the main line of track at Richmond. When the train pulls into Broad-Street Station, Richmond, the officers and directors of the company, together with directors of the company, together with their guests, will enter carriages and be driven to the Capitol Square, where the ceremonies will take place. Governor Tyler will make an address from the east pertico of the State Capitol, and will be

portico of the State Capitol, and will be followed by others.

Among the more prominent features of the programme which will be carried out on the occasion of the entrance into this city of the Seaboard Air Line's first through train, none will probably attract more attention than the local military. The various infantry companies at the Regimental Armory, and perhaps the Howitzers and Blues, will take a conspicuous part in and Blues, will take a conspicuous part in the proceedings by invitation of the com-mittee from the Chamber of Commerce, which has charge of the arrangements. which has charge of the arrangements. The different military organizations are requested to act as escort to the president of he Seaboard Air Line, Mr. John Skelton Williams, and his invited guests on that occasion. The invitations are now in the hands of the respective company com-manders, who will most likely issue orders for their members to assemble at the Armory.

THE BANQUET.

Saturday night an elaborate banquet will be held at the Jefferson. The banquet will be one of the most elaborate ever held, and men of national reputation will be in attendance. Among the speakers will be General Joe Wheeler, of Alabama the famous cavalry leader in the civil and Spanish-American wars. General Wheel-er's acceptance of the invitation to be here and to respond to a toast was received yerterday by President Williams. The toast will probably be to the seven South-ern States the Seaboard crosses.

DELEGATIONS HERE.

Members of the Seaboard Air Line party from various points arrived in this city last night. The Baltimore contingent was the largest, and was in charge of Mr. J. W. Middendorf, of Middendorf, Oliver & Co., who financed the Greater Seaboard Air Line. This party is at the Jefferson, and is made up of representative citizens of the Monumental City, and includes George the Monumental City, and includes George K. McGaw, Thornton Rollins, W. P. Har-vey, vice-president of the Citizens' Trust Company; T. W. Tongue, A. L. Garter, L. P. Keizer: Lloyd L. Jackson, vice-president of the Maryland Trust Com-pany; W. Winslow Williams, George Macen, J. Hume Smith, H. Carroll Brown Wilbur F. Jackson, Dr. Charles F. Beavan, S. Davies Warfield, Mayor of Baltimore and president of the Continental Trust Company; W. Aellersburg, E. J. D. Cross and J. W. Stuart, of Cowan, Cross & Bond, counsel for the Seaboard Air Line;

D. A. Klein; Douglas A.; Thomas, president of the Merchants' Bank; F. De Maderia, of the Associated Press, and N. Associated Press, and P. St. John, general manager; W. E. Flournov, private secretary and W. W. E. Flournoy, private secretary, and W E. McBee, general superintendent of the

oard, Portsmouth. The Seaboard Air Line Band, of Portsmouth, is also here, and will accompany the party to-day. The band numbers thirty-two pieces, and is comp ed of em-ployes of the Seaboard shops. Under the direction of Prof. H. Frank Maxine the Seaboard Air Line Band gave a concert at the Jefferson last night.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The Southern has inaugurated a series of delightful excursions for the season between Richmond and West Point. Last Sunday the crowd was very large and the formal opening of the Terminal Hotel and grounds will take place this coming

Sunday. Mr. John F. Orndorff, Assistant General Freight Agent of the Chesapeake and Ohlo, left for the West to-day. Mr. C. H. Bosley, District Passenger Agent of the Norfolk and Western, ac

companied A. P. Hill Camp from Petersburg to Louisville.
The new elevator for the Pace Block has arrived and is being rapidly placed in

BRITISH NEAR **JOHANNESBURG**

Suburbs of the City.

EXPERTS SUMMONED DIRECT TO TAMPA LITTLE OPPOSITION.

and Few in Cavalry.

WILL DEMAND SURRENDER.

Lord Roberts Expects to Enter the City To-Day Without Having to Fight. Dispatch Regarded as Announcing Virtual Occupation of Johannesburg. Mines are Safe,

LONDON, May 29 .- The following dispatch has been received from Lord Rob-

"Germiston, May 29.-6:30 P. M .- We arived here this atternoon without being seriously opposed. No casualties so far seriously opposed. No casualties so far as I am aware in the main column, and not many, I trust, in the cavairy and mounted infantry. The enemy did not expect us till to-morrow, and had not, therefore, carried off all their rolling stock. We have possession of the Junction connecting Johannesburg with Natal, Pretoria and Klerksdorp by railroad.

"Johannesburg is reported quiet, and no mines, I understand, have been injured.

jured.
"I shall summon the commandant in the morning, and if, as I expect, there is no opposition, I propose to enter the town with all the troops at noon."

VIRTUAL OCCUPATION.

VIRTUAL OCCUPATION.

Germiston is a suburb to the southeast of the Johannesburg railway junction. Additional evidence that the mines are intact comes in a message received by a mining company here to-day, from its Johannesburg representative, dated May 28th, via Delagoa Bay, saying:
"All right."

28th, via Delagoa Bay, saying:
"All right."
Lord Roberts' dispatch is regarded as announcing the virtual occupation of Johannesburg, and apparently the Boers have again effected a retreat, as there is no mention of any prisoners or captures except rolling stock. There will be some little anxiety pending the actual occupation of Johannesburg, as there are rumors that the town has been mined with the intention of blowing up Lord Roberts and his staff on their entry into that place.

BRITISH SOUTH AFRICAN POLICY

Lord Salisbury's Speech Would Endicate Annexation,

LONDON, May 29 .- Lord Salisbury, who was entertained at dinner this evening

was entertained at dinner this evening by the City of London Conservative Association, made an important announcement regarding the Government's South African policy.

"The 'Stop the War' party have used my name," said the Premier, "in support of their ideas, by stating that I promised there should be no annexation of territory or annexation of gold fields. I never gave a pledge. I never meant to give a pledge. (Loud cheers.)

"I stated a simple historical fact, We were accused of going to war for lust of gold and territory. We went to war to abate oppression of the Queen's subjects in the Transvaal and because our remonstrances were met by an insulting altimatum, to which if the Queen's Gov.

remonstrances were met by an insulting ultimatum, to which, if the Queen's Gov-ernment had submitted, her power, not only in South Africa, but over her col-onies and dependencies, would have been at an end. We were forced into war by the action of our opponents. "To say that because we repudiated the

greed of territory we, therefore, bound ourselves never to annex any territory, is a most ridiculous misconstruction, I dwell on this point because this matter of an-nexation is about to become a burning question.

'We have made a tremendous/sacrifice of blood and treasure in this conflict. And only certainty of preventing a recurrence of this fearful war is to insure that never again shall such vast accumulations of rmaments occur, and that not a shred of armanents occur, and that for a street of the former independence of the republic shall remain. (Cheering.) "We are not at the end of the war.

but I shall venture to lay it down as a primary condition of any future settle-ment that precautions will be taken of such a character that such a war will never occur again. It will also be our duty to protect those native races who have been so sorely afflicted, and at the same time so to conduct their policy that so far as possible there shall be a reconcilia

far as possible there shall be a happy tion, and that every one shall be a happy member of the British Empire." After the Master of the Rolls, Lord Al-verstone, had proposed "The Imperial Forces," Lord Salisbury again rose, holding a paper in his hand, and said:
"I find that Lord Roberts had occupied

Johannesburg. Johannesburg."
This announcement was followed by a wiid display of enthusiasm, the company cheering for "Bobs" and singing "God, Save the Queen."

Save the Queen."

Lord Salisbury, later in the evening, when proposing "The City of London Conservative Association," referred to "the glorious news received," and said:

"One thing we have learned from this war is that everything depends upon the

PEACE PROPOSALS.

Kruger is Described by a Correspondent as Wavering.

LONDON, May 30-3 A. M.-Lord Rob-erts is bivouacking in the suburbs of Johannesburg and intends to make a victorious entry at noon to-day. He does

victorious entry at noon to-day. He does not seem to expect opposition.

Lord Roberts' cavalry have flowed on beyond Johannesburg. A portion is understood to be at Zuurfontein, seven miles north of Johannesburg and within twenty miles of Pretoria.

The Boers, who were expected to fight along the line of hills known as Kilpriversburg, abandoned the eastern end of the range near Lord Roberts' advance line, but they stood their ground on the line, but they stood their ground on the extreme right, near Van Wycksrust, where they met General French's turning where they met General recommendation of movement. The fight continued all day and the result is as yet mere conjecture. Probably the Boer rear-guard succeeded in keeping General French off and is now in the hills northwest of Johannesburg.

The Standard has the following advices

rom Pretoria under Monday's date:
"The Transvaal government has a Transvaal government has opened, about to open, peace negotiations. or is about to open, peace negotiations. It has cabled a final inquiry to its agents (Continued on Second Page.) .

MASSACRE FEARED WITHIN PEKIN

Plea of Insanity to be Put | The Party of Guests Leave | Occupy Germiston One, of | Rebellion | Continues | to | House Disagreed to Armor Grow in Intensity.

THE BOXERS MASSING ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION

Their Numbers are Constantly Increasing.

RUSSIA TO LAND TROOPS.

The Chinese Reported to be Sending Large Forces Overland, But the Generalissimo Refuses to Take Command - American Marines to Land at Tien Tsin-Ships at Taku.

LONDON, May 30.-The Daily Express has the following from Shanghai, dated Thursday:

tensity, and the gravest fears are entertained of its ultimate extent. The foreign envoys at Pekin, fearing a massacre within the capital, have decided to bring up

the guards of the Legions.
"The rebels are now massing outside of Pekin, and their numbers are said to be constantly increasing. Contingents of mal. contents are coming up almost hourly."

A special dispatch from Shanghai says:
"It is believed that Russia is about to
land troops at Taku, from Port Arthur,
where 20,000 are in readiness. The Chinese
are reported to be sending large masses
of troops overland from Hu Nan and
Kiang, but the Generalissimo refused to
assume command on the plea of sickness.
"The Boxers' assert that they are confident or receiving support from the Dowager Empress, Prince Kang Yi and Ching
Tuan and the entire Manchuria army.
Throughout the north the 'Boxers' are
enlisting hordes of desperadoes. They are
intent upon killing everything foreign." ontents are coming up almost hourly. ntent upon killing everything foreign.

The Imperial troops who were sent to disperse the rebels found themselves hopelessly outnumbered. Several hun-dred were killed and two guns and many rifles were captured, after which the most of the remaining troops went over to the rebels. They are now marching side by side. It is believed that the "Boxers" have

the sympathy of the entire Manchu army in the anti-foreign crusade, and there is no doubt that they have the countenance of the Empress Dowager and of Prince

Ching.

The Belgian Minister, escorted by a strong bodyguard has gone to obtain an audience of the Tsun Laman, a number of his countrymen having been cut off by the rebels at Chang-Hsin-Tien.

The position of the missionaries is one of extreme peril, unless aid is speedily forthcoming. forthcoming.
It is feared that they will meet with the

whom the "Boxers" are ruthlessly mur-LONDON, May 30.-The Pekin corre spondent of the Times, telegraphing Tues-

day, says:
"The foreign guards have been summoned by the legations." MARINES TO LAND.

TIEN TSIN, May 29.—A hundred American marines from the United States Cruiser Newark are expected here at 11 o'clock to-night. o'clock to-night.

An armed rescue party of Frenchmen and Genmans started this afternoon to try to relieve the besieged Belgians at Chang Tsin Tien, near Feng Tai. The Viceroy, under the pressure of the French consul, has permitted the rescuers to travel by railroad to Feng Tai, where Chinese pro

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Such advice: washingfor, May 23.—Such advices as have reached here indicate that the situation in China has assumed a very critical phase, and one calculated to test the entire resources of the Chinese government. The State Department has been in close communication with Mr. Conger, our minister at Pekin, and the Navy Depart-ment is doing its share, having placed the flagship Newark far up the Pic Ho River at the Taku forts, which is the neares point to Pekin that the ship can reach. The operations of the "Boxers" are increasing in magnitude. Their demonstra-tions are no longer local, and they appear to be governed in their movements by some well settled design. They have mur-

dered nine Methodist missionaries in province at the town of Pachow, and have closed in on Pekin.

Meanwhile the Chinese army is suspected of disloyalty, this belief being strength-ened by wholesale desertions of the sol-

SHANGHAI, May 29.—The Russian minister at Pekin has telegraphed asking that all the available gunboats be sent to

PEKIN, May 29 .- The relief party has returned from Chang Hsin-Tien, bringing twenty-five persons, including several wo

TAYLOR IN THE RACE. Will Again Run for the Kentucky

Governorship.

MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 29.-W. S. Taylor, recent claimant of the Governorship of Kentucky, has announced that he will make the race again this fall on an -Goebel and anti-Goebel election law mlatform.

THE COUNCIL AT LYNGHBURG

The Ruling Body of the Diocese of Southern Virginia Organized Yesterday.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 29.—Special.— The Council of the Diocese of Southern Virginia was organized this afternoon, with Bishop A. M. Randolph presiding; Rev. Thomas Spencer, of Petersburg, sec-retary; Dr. M. P. Logan, of Wytheville, assistant secretary, and Mr. Portescue Whittle, treasurer. Committees were appointed and their re-ports will be presented to-morrow morn-

To-night services were conducted and addresses made on diocesan missions.

Communion was administered by Bishop Randolph, assisted by Dr. T. M. Carson and Dr. B. D. Tucker.

PRICE LEFT TO NAVAL SECRETARY

Plate Amendment.

Appropriation of Five Million Dollars Made for It.

SYMPATHY WITH THE BOERS.

The Teller Resolution Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, Mr. Martin's Credentials Preseated by Mr. Daniel and Placed on File-No Session of Senate To-Day,

WASHINGTON, May 29.-The House today by a vote of 107 to 124 refused to ac cept the Senate amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill, relating to armor-plate, and adopted a modified proposition, leaving the price of armor-plate to the Secretary of the Navy, with power, in his discretion, to erect an armor-plate factory if he cannot purchase armor at a reasona-ble price, and the sum of \$4,000,000 was appropriated toward the erection of the

ble price, and the sum of showner due appropriated toward the erection of the factory.

With regard to ocean and lake surveys, the House refused any appropriation for surveys by the Navy, and tied up the conferees with instructions. It also refused to concur in the Senate amendment to abolish the two years' sea cruise for naval cadets. With the above action the Naval bill was sent back to conference, the conference report on the other items having been agreed to.

The conference report on the Postoffice Appropriation bill, agreeing on all items except the Senate amendment, appropriating \$225,000 for pneumatic tube service, was adopted, and the House then concurred in the accepted amendments. The opponents of the extended service in the House reconciled their concurrence on the action on the ground that the \$25,000 simply carried out the existing contract. The bill now goes to the President.

SPECIAL RULE. SPECIAL RULE.

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, from the Committee on Rules, presented a special rule ordering the previous question upon the pension bills, 190 in number, favorably acted upon in committee of the whole last Friday, the order not to interfere with conference reports.

Mr. Foss moved that the House recede from it alls argement to the armor-plate

from its disagreement to the armor-plat amendment of the Senate and agree to it with an amendment authorizing the Sec-retary of the Navy to contract for armor plate at a price deemed reasonable by him. and if he cannot procure armor at an equitable price, authorizing him in his dis-cretion to purchase a site for the erection of an armor-plate factory, to cost not to

eed \$4,000,000. r. Wheeler, of Kentucky, moved to recede and concur in the Senate amendment

ENORMOUS PROFITS. Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, a member of the Naval Committee, declared that the adop-tion of Mr. Foss' motion, giving the Sec-retary of the Navy authority to contract for armor at a reasonable price, would be tantamount to agreeing to the price charged by the armor-plate factories. To show the enormous profits of these con-cerns, Mr. Rixey had read from the advance sheets of a report by Consul-General Guenther, at Frankfort, showing that the Krupp Company secured over \$1.00 for a certain class of guns from the German The company then reduced its price to

Mr. Kitchin, of North Carolina, and Mr. Underwood, of Alabama, also supported Mr. Wheeler's motion. Both favored the building of an armor-plate factory. After other speeches the vote was taken

first upon Mr. Wheeler's motion to recede and concur in the Senate amendment, which was lost-107 to 124.

Mr. Foss' motion was then carried with-out division. The bill was then sent to further conference.

After disposing of the postoffice bill the House, at 5 P. M., adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 29.-A few minutes before adjournment this evening the Senate added to the sundry civil appropriation bill an amendment appropriating \$5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1900, the confection helps that \$10,000,000 in addition

concetton being that \$16,000,000 in addition be raised by the Exposition authorities. The amendment was offered by Mr. Cockreil, of Missouri, and was adopted Cockreil, of Missouri, and was adopted without debate and without division.

Because an amendment offered by him subsequently, was stricken out on a point of order, Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, moved to reconsider the St. Louis Fair amendment, and that motion

pending, but probably will not be The Teller resolution, expressing pathy with the Boers, was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations by a vote

Mr. Fairbanks, of Indiana, endeavored to secure consideration of the bill for the extradition of criminals from the United States to Cuba, but Mr. Allison declined to lay aside the appropriation bill for that purpose.

No session of the Senate will be held to-

morrow.

A House bill premitting the construction of a dam across New River, in Grayson county, Va., was passed.

Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, presented the credentials of his colleague, Thomas S. Martin, as Senator from Virginia for the term of six years, beginning on March 4, 1991. They were placed on file.

CLAIMS OF STATES. Consideration of the sundry civil ap propriation bill was then resumed. Th committee amendment relating to the enforcement of the contract labor law and the Chinese exclusion act, which had been passed over, was so modified as to read that the enforcement of these laws should be "under the supervision and control of the Secretary of the Treas-

Against the committee amendment, providing the adjustment and settlement of certain claims of various States arising out of the war of 1812, of the civl war of certain Indian wars, Mr. Petri of certain Indian wars, Mr. Pettigrew made a point of order that it was new legislation. An amendment which he had offered to include Nebraska and South Dakota in the amendment had been de

The point was sustained.

Mr. Daniel took an appeal from the decision of the Chair (Mr. Frye), and addressed the Senate in support of his ap (Continued on Fifth Page.)

A SENSATION IN LYNCHBURG

on Mayor Smith.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT MR. EBEL PRESIDENT

Alleged Assault on a Young Girl by a Law Student.

BAILED FOR SMALL AMOUNT. MR. BAHEN GETS IN THE CAUCUS

The Mayor in Card Says He Did Not Understand Gravity of the Case. Young Man's Father Also Publishes Card Saying His Son Will Return From University for Trial.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 29.-Special .-Your correspondent told yesterday of a personal difficulty between Mayor G. W. Smith and a tinner named Blaine. As stated, the trouble arose from the action of the Mayor in bailing Edward J. Doyle, son of M. E. Doyle, in the sum of \$10 for a charge of attempting to criminally assoult Miss Maggle Coomes, daughter of PUBLISHED CARDS.

The News of to-morrow will contain a long communication from the Mayor, explaining his action, and stating that

explaining his action, and stating that he had been under a missporehension as to the nature of the case, and had no idea that the charge was so grave.

The News will also contain a card from Doyle's father, stating that his son will return to-morrow from the University of Virginia, where he is studying law, and give any additional bond that may be required of him. INTENSE EXCITEMENT.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT.

The case has caused intense excitement in Lynchburg, and young Doyle's trial, which takes place on next Monday, will arouse the interest of the whole city. The alleged assault on the young lady was made on last Friday, and it is claimed by the girl, who is lifteen years of age, that Doyle enticed her to his home, and after locking the rear door, caught hold of her end otherwise insulted her.

She says that she broke from his grash, and, screaming, run to the front door, jerked it open, and made her escape.

RATHBONE IMPLICATED.

Reason for His Request for a Guard

Made Known.

HAVANA, May 29.—Shortly after the postal scandal was first exposed, Mr. Rathbone, it is said, requested General Wood to give him a guard, as he feared personal violence from Corridor Rich, General Wood suggested to Mr. Rathbone that if a guard were always near him people would take it for granted that he was under arrest, and the request was withdrawn. withdrawn.

he was under arress, and the request was withdrawn.

To-day the reason for making it became known. It seems that on the day after Neeley was arrested Mr. Rich went to Mr. Rathbone to explain that the stealings were heavy. He was refused a hearing when the nature of his communication was known and then he went to General Wood and told all he knew.

Mr. Rathbone denies that Mr. Rich ever said a word to him on the subject. Mr. Rich declares that when Neeley left he (Rich), by Mr. Rathbone's orders, gave Neeley an advance payment on his salary of about \$300, accepting Neeley's receipt. When the scandal was exposed Mr. Rathbone told him it would be better to with-Rich), by an electron of about \$300, accepting Neeley's real of about \$300, accepting Neeley's real of about \$300, accepting Neeley's real of the season of

continue in their positions on the ground that no one cares to remain in Cuba on a salary no greater than he would receive in the United States.

HERNANDEZ CAPTURED.

Fell Into Hands of Government Troops

and the Revolution is Over. CARACAS, VENEZUELA. May 29.-General Jose M. Hernandez, the revoluernment troops. The revolution is now considered ended.

Peace Assured.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Gonzales Esteves, Venezuelan Consul in this city, to-day received a dispatch from General Castro announcing the capture of Herandez, and adding:

"Peace assumed."
General Castro is not yet President of Venezuela, but, according to the Consul, he has become such a great favorite with the people that he will be elected Presi-General Castro assumed charge of af-

General Castro assumed charge of af-fairs last October, after Andade fled from the country. Castro wished to take Gene-ral Hernandez as a minister into his capi-net, but General Hernandez said he would not accept anything short of the Prest-dency. He had longed for that for the past twenty years.

On account of their disagreement Gene-ral Castro imprisoned General Hernandez. At the end of four months General Her-nandez was liberated. General Hernan-dez gathered one thousand men around him and defied Castro. With his men Hernandez took to the mountains, and began a war against Castro in December,

began a war against Castro in December, 1899. On May 27th General Ramon Guerra with 3,600 men met General Hernandez at Calaboso and deleated him, taking General Hernandez a prisoner.

COMING TO NEWPORT NEWS. The American Line Steamer Will be

Repaired There.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The American Line steamer New York, which lost her port propeller and part of her shaft on her voyage to this port from Southampton, will be sent to Newport News for repairs. A new shaft and other machinery has been cabled for from the other side, and will come over on the first vessel.

The New York will probably sail on her next trip across on July 11th.

The Conference Ends. CHICAGO, May 29.—The twenty-third delegated quadrennial Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church came to an end to-day after a session of four weeks.

MR. POLLARD WINS AS CITY ATTORNEY

An Explanation of Attack | He is Again Nominated by the Joint Caucus.

He Defeats Mr. Caskie by a Vote of

He is Admitted by a Vote of 37 to 10, and Makes a Speech Declaring Himself a Democrat-Justice John Succeeds Himself. Few Changes in City Officers.

nated candidates for all the city offices to be filled by the new Council, and admitted Alderman James Bahen to a seat in that The fight for City Attorney resulted in

the renomination of Hon, H. R. Pollard by a plurality of seven over Mr. Wendenburg, and a majority of five of all the votes cast, Major Soi Cutchins receiving Separate conferences of the two bodies were held prior to the assembling of the

CAUCUS OF THE BOARD.



(Who was Re-elected City Attorney.)

S. H. Cottrell, of Clay Ward, presented the name of Mr. James Caskle for President of the Common Council.

Mr. Gibson nominated Mr. F. C. Ebel, of Madison Ward.

Mr. Pollock seconded Mr. Ebel's nomination, and Mr. Gunst seconded that of Mr. Caskle, and the vote was as follows:

Mr. EBEL WINS.

Eco. Float Messes Advance Blanks, Clay-

Mr. Ebel, the new nominee for President, was called upon and made a very neat acknowledgment of the honor, in which he pledged his best efforts to wield the gavel fairly and honestly. Mr. Winston nominated Captain M. R. Mills for Vice-President of the Council.

Mr. Peters presented the name of Mr. S. H. Cottrell for that position.
Mr. Cottrell desired his name withdrawn, which was done, and Captain Mills was unanimously chosen. The caucus then additional journed. JOINT CAUCUS MEETS. The joint caucus was called to 6 8:45 o'clock by President W. M. and he was unanmously chosen chairman, and Mr. B. T. August was elected elerk. Mr. Ruskell was chosen hergeant-at-arms. Clerk August then proceeded to call the roll of the joing caucus, which showed the

presence of every member of both branches.
When the name of Ablerman James Bahen was reached, and he answered "present." Major Otway S. Allen gaye notice that as soon as the body was or-ganized he would challenge the right of Mr. Bahen to a seat in the Democratic

caucus. RULES OF THE CAUCUS. On motion of Mr. Wallerstein, the rules of the Common Council and Board were adopted for the government of the caucus. Major Allen moved that no one be al-lowed to circulate among the members on the floor for the purpose of loboying.

and it was adopted. TO EXCLUDE MR. BAHEN. Major Allen moved that Mr. Bahen be excluded from the caucus, on the ground that he was not a Democrat. Major Allen, in speaking to his motion, paid a high tribute to Mr. Bahen's personal worth and to his record as a member of the Board for years, and he contended that it was against the policy, and discipline of the Democratic party to admit him when he had been a life-long Republican. He said if Mr. Bahen would maintain his position up to and through the Presidential election, he would shake him by the hand and cheerfully welcome him into the coun-cils of the party, but he did not think the caucus should overrule the decision of the

FOR THE PARTY'S SAKE.

Major Allen regretted that he felt called
upon to take this step, but did so in the interest of the Democratic party.

interest of the Democratic party.

Mr. Donahoe made a speech in favor of
Mr. Bahen's admission, as did also Mr.
Seay, of Clay Ward.

Mr. Pollock then took the floor and
argued in favor of Mr. Bahen's admission,
and referred to the latter as the "prodigat"
returning to the house of his fathers.

Mr. Winston spoke for Mr. Bahen, as

(Continued on Third Page)

Will be Combatted.

LAWRENCEVILLE, VA., May 29 .-Special.-Rev. J. E. Roane Riddick was placed on trial here to-day for the murtier of Dr. William H. Temple on the 11th



ing acted like a crazy man, and they made GREAT LEGAL BATTLE.

crowded, when an ine scale had been de-cupled the doors were closed.

Mr. Davis said he desired to submit a motion for a jury to be summoned from an adjoining county. He asked that the sixteen veniremen be excluded from the

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